Experiment 1

Objective:

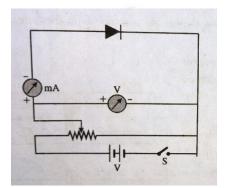
Study of Forward Characteristics of Silicon diode.

Equipments Needed:

1. Patch cords

Circuit Diagram:

Circuit used to plot Forward Characteristics of Si diode is shown in figure 27.



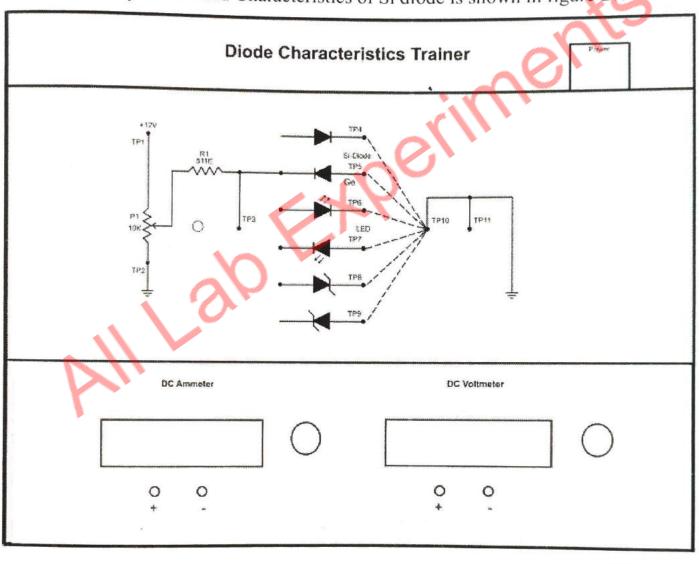


Figure 27



Procedure:

1. Before switch 'On' the supply rotate potentiometer P₁ fully in CCW (counter clockwise direction).

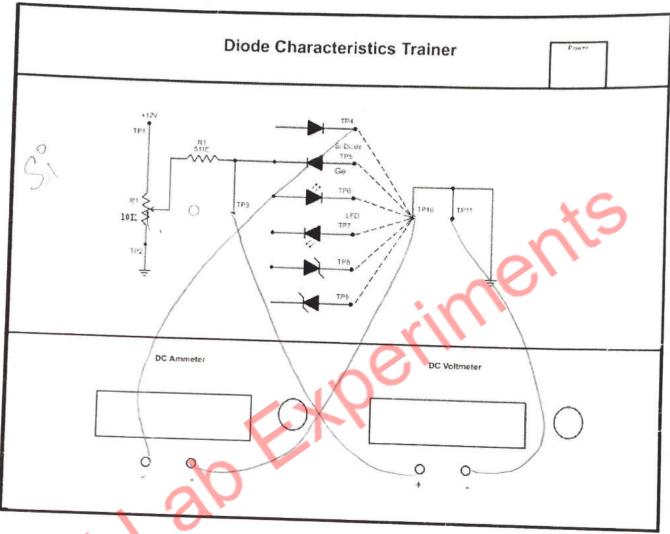


Figure 28

- 2. Connect Ammeter between TP4 and TP10, to measure diode current I_D (mA) & set Ammeter at 200 and range.
- 3. Connect Voltmeter across TP3 and TP11, to measure diode voltage V_D & set Voltmeter at 20% range.
- 4. Switch 'On' the power supply.
- 5. Vary the potentiometer P₁ so as to increase the value of diode voltage V_D from 0 to 1V (0.83V) in steps and measure the corresponding values of diode current I_D in mA and note down in the Observation Table 1.
- 6. Plot a curve between diode voltage V_D and diode current I_D as shown in figure 3 (First quadrant) using suitable scale, with the help of Observation Table 1. This curve is the required forward characteristics of Si diode.
- 7. Repeatithis for LED and Zener diode.

Observation Table 1:

S. no.	Diode Voltage (VD)	Diode current ID (mA)
1.	0.0V	7.5
2.	,0.1V	
3.	0.2V	,
4.	0.3V	
5.	0.4V	
6.	0.5V.	
7.	0.6V	
8.	0.7V	
9.	0.8V	
10.	0.9V	
11.	1.0V	

Experiment 2

Objective:

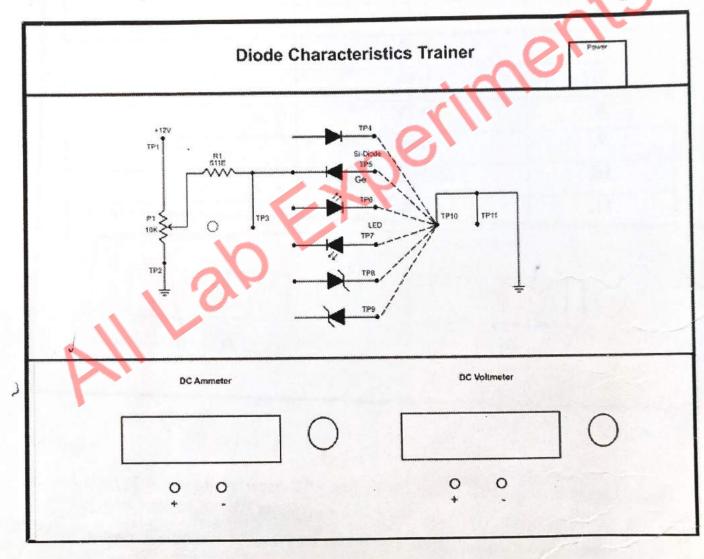
Study of Reverse Characteristics of Germanium Diode.

Equipments Needed:

2. Patch cords

Circuit Diagram:

Circuit used to plot Reverse characteristics of Ge diode is shown in figure 29



Procedure:

1. Before switch 'On' the supply rotate potentiometer P₁ fully in CCW (counter clockwise direction).

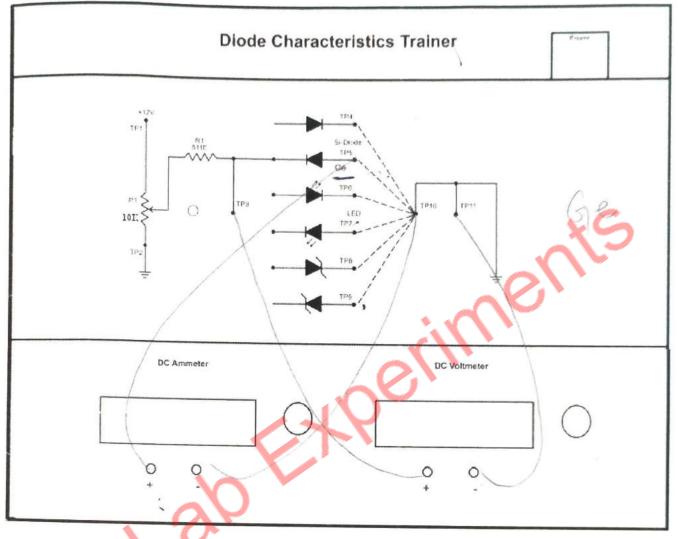


Figure 30

- 2. Connect Ammeter between TP5 and TP10, to measure diode current I_D (μA) & set Ammeter at 200 μA range.
- 3. Connect Voltmeter across TP3 and TP11, to measure diode voltage V_D & set Voltmeter at 20V range.
- Switch 'On' the power supply.
- 5. Vary the potentiometer P₁ so as to increase the value of diode voltage V_D from 0 to maximum in steps and measure the corresponding values of diode current I_D in μA and note down in the Observation Table 2.
- 6. Plot a curve between diode voltage V_D and diode current I_D as shown in figure 3 (third quadrant) using suitable scale with the help of Observation Table 2. This curve is the required reverse characteristics of Ge diode.
- 7. Switch 'Off' the supply.

Observation Table 2:

S. no.	Diode Voltage (V _D)	Diode current I _D (μA)
1.	100	
2.		
3.0	<u> </u>	
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		