

Name of the Department	:	Physics
Name of the Course	:	B. Sc. (H) Physics – CBCS - OC
Semester	:	I
Name of the Paper	:	Mathematical Physics I
Unique Paper Code	:	32221101
Question Paper Set Number	:	A
Maximum Marks	:	75

Time Duration: 3 hours

Instruction for Candidates

1. Attempt **FOUR** questions in all.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Solve the following first order differential equations

a. $(1 + y^2) dx + (x - e^{-\tan^{-1} y}) dy = 0$

b. $y dx + (x - 2x^2 y^3) dy = 0$

c. $(y + y \cos xy) dx + (x + x \cos xy) dy = 0$

2. Solve the following second order differential equations

a. $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 4y = \cos 2x$

b. $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = e^x \cos x$

c. $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + y = 2 \cos x$

3. Find the work done in moving an object along a straight line from $(3, 2, -1)$ to $(2, -1, 4)$ in a force field given by, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$

Show that $\vec{r} r^{-2}$ is irrotational.

It is given that $\phi = 8x^4 y z^3$. Evaluate $\vec{\nabla} \circ \vec{\nabla} \phi$

4. Suppose S is any closed surface enclosing a volume V and

$\vec{A} = ax\hat{i} + by\hat{j} + cz\hat{k}$. Show that $\oiint_S \vec{A} \cdot \hat{n} dS = (a+b+c)V$

Show that $\iiint_V \frac{dV}{r^2} = \oiint_S \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \hat{n}}{r^2} dS$

5. Show that $\vec{F} = r^2 \vec{r}$ is a conservative vector field. Find a scalar function ϕ such that $\vec{F} = \vec{\nabla} \phi$.

Verify the Stokes' theorem for $\vec{A} = (y - z + 2)\hat{i} + (yz + 4)\hat{j} - xz\hat{k}$ and for the surface of the cube $x=0, y=0, z=0, x=2, y=2, z=2$ above the xy-plane.

6. Obtain the expression for divergence of a vector field in orthogonal curvilinear coordinates and express it in cylindrical coordinates. Transform $\vec{A} = \frac{x}{y}\hat{i}$ to cylindrical coordinates.

Prove that
$$\delta(x^2 - a^2) = \frac{1}{2 \vee a \vee_i \{ \delta(x - a) + \delta(x + a) \}_i}$$

ALE - Grady